

K3RX is a brand-new company that is launching UHTCMCs in the market.

Our products have been designed for use in the hot parts of the next generation of hypersonic vehicles and rocket motor inserts for satellite launchers. They demonstrate superior performance compared to conventional materials and exhibit exceptional durability.

K3RX is a deep-tech startup that focuses on developing technologies for extremely harsh environments.

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ULTRA-HIGH TEMPERATURE CERAMIC MATRIX COMPOSITES for AEROSPACE

www.k3rx.com



The Company

K3RX is a spin-off of the National Research Council of Italy, born in 2021 from the EU project H2020 C3HARME – Next generation ceramic composites for harsh environment and space.



100 mm long rocket nozzle machined from a UHTCMC blank

Small nozzles for hybrid propellant rocket motors





Rocket nozzle after test showing near zero erosion in the throat and chamber pressure during the test



ULTRA-HIGH TEMPERATURE CERAMIC MATRIX COMPOSITES

PRODUCTS

UHTCMCs: special ceramic matrix composites with erosion/ablation resistance at T > 2000°C

- Features are highly customizable
- Complex shapes are possible
- Manufacturing time is of few weeks

APPLICATIONS

Near zero erosion parts

- Nosecones, winglets
- Leading edge inserts
- Rocket nozzles

Other: high temp. shielding, braking systems

MATERIALS COMPARISON





TPS Tiles and rocket motor inserts made of UHTCMCs have shown a stable performance above 2000°C

Properties of UHTCMCs based on zirconium diboride (ZrB₂) developed in the European project C3HARME

	Property	Value	Comment
	Fibre volume content, FVC (%)	30-60%	Tailored density/weight
	Density (kg/m³)	2.8-4.0	Typical porosity 5-10%, higher and lower values possible
	RT Fracture toughness (MPa·√m)	6-20	High damage tolerance observed, toughness tailored varying FVC and additives
	CTE (10 ⁻⁶ ·K ⁻¹) (20,1300 °C)	4.8, 3.7	Low mismatch between axial and radial CTE, reduced thermal stress
	Thermal conductivity (W/m·K) (20, 1500°C)	110,140	Improved thermal shock resistance due to high thermal dissipation
	Bending strength (MPa) (20-1800°C)	200-700	This value increases with temperature

